Cultivation of oyster (*Pleurotus ostreatus*) mushroom on sawdust with different types of spawns

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Abstract

A study was conducted to examine the effect of different spawn types on oyster (*Pleurotus ostreatus*) mushroom produced on sawdust. Spawn running (mycelia development), pinhead formation, fruit body formation, and yield of oyster (*Pleurotus ostreatus*) mushroom on sawdust spawned with different types of spawns were studied. Locally available kurakkan (*Eleusine coracana*), maize (broken) (*Zea mays*), sorghum (*Sorghum bicolor*), and paddy (*Oryza sativa*) were used for spawn production. Four spawn types were tested on a medium based on sawdust. The experiment was designed as a complete randomized design with three replicates. The fastest spawn running of 21 \pm 1 days, pinhead formation of 35 \pm 1 days, and highest yield of 46.37 \pm 0.67 g were realized with the three other types of spawns. The kurakkan (*Eleusine coracana*) spawn accelerated spawn running, pinhead formation, and fruit body formation and increased yield, when compared with other spawn types *viz*; maize (*Zea mays*), sorghum (*Sorghum bicolor*), and paddy (*Oryza sativa*).

Keywords: Eleusine coracana, Oryza sativa, Pleurotus ostreatus, Sorghum bicolor, Spawn Zea mays.