

University of Ruhuna

Bachelor of Arts (Special) Degree 2000 Level
Second Semester Examination – March-August 2020

ECN 22643 – Probability and Statistical Inference

Answer **Four (04)** questions only.

Non-programmable calculators are allowed.

Time: 03 Hours

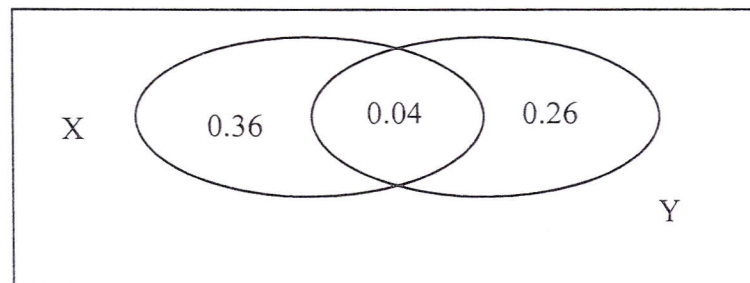
1. Write short notes on following topics.

- I. Null hypothesis and alternative hypothesis
- II. Probability approaches
- III. Sample space and event space
- IV. Non-probability sampling methods
- V. Binomial distribution

(03 marks for each part)

2.

- I. Let X and Y are two events, which are mentioned in following Venn diagram with probabilities.



Find,

- a) $p(X \cap \bar{Y})$
- b) $p(\bar{X} \cap Y)$
- c) $p(X \cup Y)$
- d) $p(\bar{X} \cap \bar{Y})$

(08 Marks)

II. Let P and Q be two events which are results in a random experiment "E" following probabilities.

$$p(P) = 0.59 \quad p(Q) = 0.68 \quad p(P \cup Q) = 0.72$$

Find,

a) $p(Q|P)$

b) $p(P|Q)$

(05 M

III. If $p(A \cup B) = 0.93$ and $p(A \cup \bar{B}) = 0.21$ calculate $p(A)$.

(02 M

3.

I. Test the following functions are Probability Density Functions (PDF)?

a) $f(X) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{18}(9 + 4X), & 0 \leq X \leq 1 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

b) $f(X) = \begin{cases} 2(X - 1), & 1 \leq X \leq 2 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

(04 Ma

II. The probability density function of Y is given as,

$$f(Y) = \begin{cases} Y, & 0 < Y \leq 1 \\ 2 - Y, & 1 < Y \leq 2 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

From that find $p(0.3 \leq Y \leq 1.5)$

(03 Ma

III. Suppose that X follows a Probability Density Function (PDF)

$$f(X) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{25}X^2, & 0 \leq X \leq 3 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

From that,

a) Find $p(1 \leq X \leq 2)$

(02 Marks)

b) Derive the cumulative distribution function of X.

(02 Marks)

c) Find the mean and the variance of X.

(04 Marks)

4.

I. Suppose that A and B are two independent events,

a) Are \bar{A} and \bar{B} independent.

b) Show that \bar{A} and B are independent.

(04 Marks)

II. Four students from 1000 level, three students from 2000 level and two students from 3000 level participated for a university students' training programme. At the end of the training programme four of those students have received foreign scholarships based on their performances.

Find the probability of that selected,

a) All four students were from 1000 level.

b) Two students were from 1000 level.

c) Two students were from 2000 level and other two from 3000 level.

(06 Marks)

- III. The following information is about vehicle import for a particular company in 2019.

	Brand new vehicles	Re-conditioned vehicles
Petrol	225	100
Diesel	50	125

What is the probability that randomly selected vehicle is a brand new given that the vehicle is a petrol?

(02 Marks)

- IV. At a certain company, 8% of general workers and 2% of managers are vegetarians. The total working population is divided in the ratio 6:4 according to an income procedure of managers and general workers respectively. If a worker is selected random from among all those vegetarians, what is the probability that he is a general worker?

(03 Marks)

5.

- I. Explain the difference between discrete and continuous probability distribution.

(02 Marks)

- II. Suppose that W has a poisson distribution with $\mu = 3$.

Find,

- $p = (W \leq 3)$
- $p = (W < 2)$
- $p = (2 \leq W \leq 5)$
- $p = (3 < W < 6)$

(08 Marks)

- III. Researchers have conducted a survey of 1600 green tea drinkers asking how much green tea they drink in order to confirm previous studies. Previous studies have indicated that 72% of university lecturers drink green tea. The results of previous studies (left) and the survey (right) are below. At $\alpha = 0.05$, is there enough evidence to conclude that the distributions are the same?

Response	% of green tea drinkers
2 cups per week	15
1 cup per week	13
1 cup per day	27
2+ cups per day	45

Response	Frequencies
2 cups per week	206
1 cup per week	193
1 cup per day	462
2+ cups per day	739

(05 Marks)

6.

- I. "Sampling is done in a wide variety of research settings." Explain.

(05 Marks)

- II. Explain about the following sampling techniques with their merits and demerits.

a) Accidental sampling

b) Purposive sampling

(06 Marks)

- III. Suppose that you have been recruited as a consultant to determine the effectiveness of a new drug introduced by a famous pharmaceutical company. Explain how you would implement a suitable sampling technique in practice for this purpose

(04 marks)

7.

I. Explain the differences of main types of hypothesis tests.

(05 Marks)

II. A company wants to improve sales. Past sales data indicate that the average was Rs.100 per transaction. After training your sales force, recent sales data (from a sample of 25 sales representatives) indicates an average sale of Rs.110 with a standard deviation of Rs.15. Check whether the training worked using 5% of alpha level.

(05 Marks)

III. To compare customer satisfaction levels of two competing telecommunication companies, 25 customers of Company 1 and 15 customers of Company 2 were randomly selected and were asked to rate their satisfaction on a five-point scale, with 1 being least satisfied and 5 most satisfied. The survey results are summarized in the following table:

Company 1	Company 2
$n_1=25$	$n_2=15$
$\bar{X}_1=5.51$	$\bar{X}_2=5.24$
$s_1=2.51$	$s_2=2.52$

Construct a point estimate and a 95% confidence interval, Test whether there is a difference in variance of customer satisfaction levels of two companies as measured on this five-point scale.

(05 Marks)

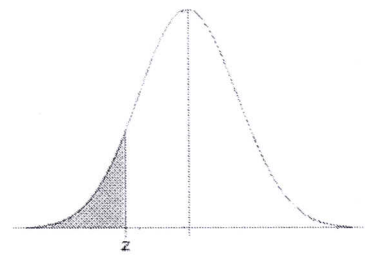
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Standard Normal Cumulative

Probabilities for NE

	0.00	0.01
0	0.0003	0.0003
1	0.0005	0.0005
2	0.0007	0.0007
3	0.0010	0.0009
4	0.0013	0.0013
5		
6	0.0019	0.0019
7	0.0026	0.0026
8	0.0035	0.0035
9	0.0047	0.0047
0	0.0062	0.0062
1		
2	0.0082	0.0082
3	0.0107	0.0107
4	0.0139	0.0139
5	0.0179	0.0179
6	0.0228	0.0228
7		
8	0.0287	0.0287
9	0.0359	0.0359
0	0.0446	0.0446
1	0.0548	0.0548
2	0.0668	0.0668
3		
4	0.0808	0.0808
5	0.0968	0.0968
6	0.1151	0.1151
7	0.1357	0.1357
8	0.1587	0.1587
9		
0	0.1841	0.1841
1	0.2119	0.2119
2	0.2420	0.2420
3	0.2743	0.2743
4	0.3085	0.3085
5		
6	0.3446	0.3446
7	0.3821	0.3821
8	0.4207	0.4207
9	0.4602	0.4602
0	0.5000	0.5000

Standard Normal Cumulative Probability Table



Cumulative probabilities for NEGATIVE z-values are shown in the following table:

	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.06	0.07	0.08	0.09
-4.0	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0002
-3.9	0.0005	0.0005	0.0005	0.0004	0.0004	0.0004	0.0004	0.0004	0.0004	0.0003
-3.8	0.0007	0.0007	0.0006	0.0006	0.0006	0.0006	0.0006	0.0005	0.0005	0.0005
-3.7	0.0010	0.0009	0.0009	0.0009	0.0008	0.0008	0.0008	0.0008	0.0007	0.0007
-3.6	0.0013	0.0013	0.0013	0.0012	0.0012	0.0011	0.0011	0.0011	0.0010	0.0010
-3.5	0.0019	0.0018	0.0018	0.0017	0.0016	0.0016	0.0015	0.0015	0.0014	0.0014
-3.4	0.0026	0.0025	0.0024	0.0023	0.0023	0.0022	0.0021	0.0021	0.0020	0.0019
-3.3	0.0035	0.0034	0.0033	0.0032	0.0031	0.0030	0.0029	0.0028	0.0027	0.0026
-3.2	0.0047	0.0045	0.0044	0.0043	0.0041	0.0040	0.0039	0.0038	0.0037	0.0036
-3.1	0.0062	0.0060	0.0059	0.0057	0.0055	0.0054	0.0052	0.0051	0.0049	0.0048
-3.0	0.0082	0.0080	0.0078	0.0075	0.0073	0.0071	0.0069	0.0068	0.0066	0.0064
-2.9	0.0107	0.0104	0.0102	0.0099	0.0096	0.0094	0.0091	0.0089	0.0087	0.0084
-2.8	0.0139	0.0136	0.0132	0.0129	0.0125	0.0122	0.0119	0.0116	0.0113	0.0110
-2.7	0.0179	0.0174	0.0170	0.0166	0.0162	0.0158	0.0154	0.0150	0.0146	0.0143
-2.6	0.0228	0.0222	0.0217	0.0212	0.0207	0.0202	0.0197	0.0192	0.0188	0.0183
-2.5	0.0287	0.0281	0.0274	0.0268	0.0262	0.0256	0.0250	0.0244	0.0239	0.0233
-2.4	0.0359	0.0351	0.0344	0.0336	0.0329	0.0322	0.0314	0.0307	0.0301	0.0294
-2.3	0.0446	0.0436	0.0427	0.0418	0.0409	0.0401	0.0392	0.0384	0.0375	0.0367
-2.2	0.0548	0.0537	0.0526	0.0516	0.0505	0.0495	0.0485	0.0475	0.0465	0.0455
-2.1	0.0668	0.0655	0.0643	0.0630	0.0618	0.0606	0.0594	0.0582	0.0571	0.0559
-2.0	0.0808	0.0793	0.0778	0.0764	0.0749	0.0735	0.0721	0.0708	0.0694	0.0681
-1.9	0.0968	0.0951	0.0934	0.0918	0.0901	0.0885	0.0869	0.0853	0.0838	0.0823
-1.8	0.1151	0.1131	0.1112	0.1093	0.1075	0.1056	0.1038	0.1020	0.1003	0.0985
-1.7	0.1357	0.1335	0.1314	0.1292	0.1271	0.1251	0.1230	0.1210	0.1190	0.1170
-1.6	0.1587	0.1562	0.1539	0.1515	0.1492	0.1469	0.1446	0.1423	0.1401	0.1379
-1.5	0.1841	0.1814	0.1788	0.1762	0.1736	0.1711	0.1685	0.1660	0.1635	0.1611
-1.4	0.2119	0.2090	0.2061	0.2033	0.2005	0.1977	0.1949	0.1922	0.1894	0.1867
-1.3	0.2420	0.2389	0.2358	0.2327	0.2296	0.2266	0.2236	0.2206	0.2177	0.2148
-1.2	0.2743	0.2709	0.2676	0.2643	0.2611	0.2578	0.2546	0.2514	0.2483	0.2451
-1.1	0.3085	0.3050	0.3015	0.2981	0.2946	0.2912	0.2877	0.2843	0.2810	0.2776
-1.0	0.3446	0.3409	0.3372	0.3336	0.3300	0.3264	0.3228	0.3192	0.3156	0.3121
-0.9	0.3821	0.3783	0.3745	0.3707	0.3669	0.3632	0.3594	0.3557	0.3520	0.3483
-0.8	0.4207	0.4168	0.4129	0.4090	0.4052	0.4013	0.3974	0.3936	0.3897	0.3859
-0.7	0.4602	0.4562	0.4522	0.4483	0.4443	0.4404	0.4364	0.4325	0.4286	0.4247
-0.6	0.5000	0.4960	0.4920	0.4880	0.4840	0.4801	0.4761	0.4721	0.4681	0.4641

Standard Normal Cumulative Probability Table

Cumulative probabilities for POSITIVE z-values are shown in the following table:

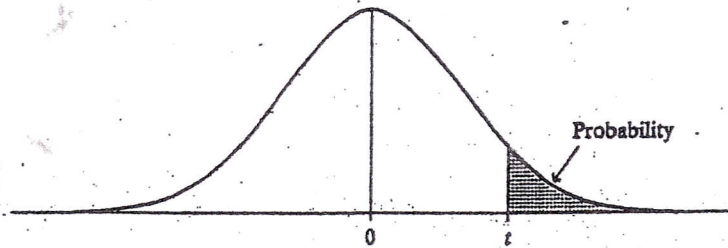
z	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.06	0.07	0.08
0.0	0.5000	0.5040	0.5080	0.5120	0.5160	0.5199	0.5239	0.5279	0.5319
0.1	0.5398	0.5438	0.5478	0.5517	0.5557	0.5596	0.5636	0.5675	0.5714
0.2	0.5793	0.5832	0.5871	0.5910	0.5948	0.5987	0.6026	0.6064	0.6103
0.3	0.6179	0.6217	0.6255	0.6293	0.6331	0.6368	0.6406	0.6443	0.6480
0.4	0.6554	0.6591	0.6628	0.6664	0.6700	0.6736	0.6772	0.6808	0.6844
0.5	0.6915	0.6950	0.6985	0.7019	0.7054	0.7088	0.7123	0.7157	0.7190
0.6	0.7257	0.7291	0.7324	0.7357	0.7389	0.7422	0.7454	0.7486	0.7517
0.7	0.7580	0.7611	0.7642	0.7673	0.7704	0.7734	0.7764	0.7794	0.7823
0.8	0.7881	0.7910	0.7939	0.7967	0.7995	0.8023	0.8051	0.8078	0.8106
0.9	0.8159	0.8186	0.8212	0.8238	0.8264	0.8289	0.8315	0.8340	0.8365
1.0	0.8413	0.8438	0.8461	0.8485	0.8508	0.8531	0.8554	0.8577	0.8599
1.1	0.8643	0.8665	0.8686	0.8708	0.8729	0.8749	0.8770	0.8790	0.8810
1.2	0.8849	0.8869	0.8888	0.8907	0.8925	0.8944	0.8962	0.8980	0.8997
1.3	0.9032	0.9049	0.9066	0.9082	0.9099	0.9115	0.9131	0.9147	0.9162
1.4	0.9192	0.9207	0.9222	0.9236	0.9251	0.9265	0.9279	0.9292	0.9306
1.5	0.9332	0.9345	0.9357	0.9370	0.9382	0.9394	0.9406	0.9418	0.9429
1.6	0.9452	0.9463	0.9474	0.9484	0.9495	0.9505	0.9515	0.9525	0.9535
1.7	0.9554	0.9564	0.9573	0.9582	0.9591	0.9599	0.9608	0.9616	0.9625
1.8	0.9641	0.9649	0.9656	0.9664	0.9671	0.9678	0.9686	0.9693	0.9699
1.9	0.9713	0.9719	0.9726	0.9732	0.9738	0.9744	0.9750	0.9756	0.9761
2.0	0.9772	0.9778	0.9783	0.9788	0.9793	0.9798	0.9803	0.9808	0.9812
2.1	0.9821	0.9826	0.9830	0.9834	0.9838	0.9842	0.9846	0.9850	0.9854
2.2	0.9861	0.9864	0.9868	0.9871	0.9875	0.9878	0.9881	0.9884	0.9887
2.3	0.9893	0.9896	0.9898	0.9901	0.9904	0.9906	0.9909	0.9911	0.9913
2.4	0.9918	0.9920	0.9922	0.9925	0.9927	0.9929	0.9931	0.9932	0.9934
2.5	0.9938	0.9940	0.9941	0.9943	0.9945	0.9946	0.9948	0.9949	0.9951
2.6	0.9953	0.9955	0.9956	0.9957	0.9959	0.9960	0.9961	0.9962	0.9963
2.7	0.9965	0.9966	0.9967	0.9968	0.9969	0.9970	0.9971	0.9972	0.9973
2.8	0.9974	0.9975	0.9976	0.9977	0.9977	0.9978	0.9979	0.9979	0.9980
2.9	0.9981	0.9982	0.9982	0.9983	0.9984	0.9984	0.9985	0.9985	0.9986
3.0	0.9987	0.9987	0.9987	0.9988	0.9988	0.9989	0.9989	0.9989	0.9990
3.1	0.9990	0.9991	0.9991	0.9991	0.9992	0.9992	0.9992	0.9992	0.9993
3.2	0.9993	0.9993	0.9994	0.9994	0.9994	0.9994	0.9994	0.9995	0.9995
3.3	0.9995	0.9995	0.9995	0.9996	0.9996	0.9996	0.9996	0.9996	0.9996
3.4	0.9997	0.9997	0.9997	0.9997	0.9997	0.9997	0.9997	0.9997	0.9997

df	80
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Source	Bion



0.08
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0.6103
0.6480
0.6844
0.7190
0.7517
0.7823
0.8106
0.8365
0.8599
0.8810
0.8997
0.9162
0.9306
0.9429
0.9535
0.9625
0.9699
0.9761
0.9812
0.9854
0.9887
0.9913
0.9934
0.9951
0.9963
0.9973
0.9980
0.9986
0.9990
0.9993
0.9995
0.9996
0.9997

t-Distribution Critical Values



df	Confidence Level					
	80%	90%	95%	98%	99%	99.8%
	Right-Tail Probability					
	t _{.100}	t _{.050}	t _{.025}	t _{.010}	t _{.005}	t _{.001}
1	3.078	6.314	12.706	31.821	63.656	318.289
2	1.886	2.920	4.303	6.965	9.925	22.328
3	1.638	2.353	3.182	4.541	5.841	10.214
4	1.533	2.132	2.776	3.747	4.604	7.173
5	1.476	2.015	2.571	3.365	4.032	5.894
6	1.440	1.943	2.447	3.143	3.707	5.208
7	1.415	1.895	2.365	2.998	3.499	4.785
8	1.397	1.860	2.306	2.896	3.355	4.501
9	1.383	1.833	2.262	2.821	3.250	4.297
10	1.372	1.812	2.228	2.764	3.169	4.144
11	1.363	1.796	2.201	2.718	3.106	4.025
12	1.356	1.782	2.179	2.681	3.055	3.930
13	1.350	1.771	2.160	2.650	3.012	3.852
14	1.345	1.761	2.145	2.624	2.977	3.787
15	1.341	1.753	2.131	2.602	2.947	3.733
16	1.337	1.746	2.120	2.583	2.921	3.686
17	1.333	1.740	2.110	2.567	2.898	3.646
18	1.330	1.734	2.101	2.552	2.878	3.611
19	1.328	1.729	2.093	2.539	2.861	3.579
20	1.325	1.725	2.086	2.528	2.845	3.552
21	1.323	1.721	2.080	2.518	2.831	3.527
22	1.321	1.717	2.074	2.508	2.819	3.505
23	1.319	1.714	2.069	2.500	2.807	3.485
24	1.318	1.711	2.064	2.492	2.797	3.467
25	1.316	1.708	2.060	2.485	2.787	3.450
26	1.315	1.706	2.056	2.479	2.779	3.435
27	1.314	1.703	2.052	2.473	2.771	3.421
28	1.313	1.701	2.048	2.467	2.763	3.408
29	1.311	1.699	2.045	2.462	2.756	3.396
30	1.310	1.697	2.042	2.457	2.750	3.385
40	1.303	1.684	2.021	2.423	2.704	3.307
50	1.299	1.676	2.009	2.403	2.678	3.261
60	1.296	1.671	2.000	2.390	2.660	3.232
80	1.292	1.664	1.990	2.374	2.639	3.195
100	1.290	1.660	1.984	2.364	2.626	3.174
∞	1.282	1.645	1.960	2.326	2.576	3.091

Source: "Table of Percentage Points of the t-Distribution." Computed by Maxine Merrington, Biometrika, 32 (1941): 300. Reproduced by permission of the Biometrika trustees.

F Values for $\alpha = 0.05$

d_2	d_1								
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	161.4	199.5	215.7	224.6	230.2	234.0	236.8	238.9	240.5
2	18.51	19.00	19.16	19.25	19.3	19.33	19.35	19.37	19.38
3	10.13	9.55	9.28	9.12	9.01	8.94	8.89	8.85	8.81
4	7.71	6.94	6.59	6.39	6.26	6.16	6.09	6.04	6.00
5	6.61	5.79	5.41	5.19	5.05	4.95	4.88	4.82	4.77
6	5.99	5.14	4.76	4.53	4.39	4.28	4.21	4.15	4.10
7	5.59	4.74	4.35	4.12	3.97	3.87	3.79	3.73	3.68
8	5.32	4.46	4.07	3.84	3.69	3.58	3.50	3.44	3.39
9	5.12	4.26	3.86	3.63	3.48	3.37	3.29	3.23	3.18
10	4.96	4.10	3.71	3.48	3.33	3.22	3.14	3.07	3.02
11	4.84	3.98	3.59	3.36	3.20	3.09	3.01	2.95	2.90
12	4.75	3.89	3.49	3.26	3.11	3.00	2.91	2.85	2.80
13	4.67	3.81	3.41	3.18	3.03	2.92	2.83	2.77	2.71
14	4.60	3.74	3.34	3.11	2.96	2.85	2.76	2.70	2.65
15	4.54	3.68	3.29	3.06	2.90	2.79	2.71	2.64	2.59
16	4.49	3.63	3.24	3.01	2.85	2.74	2.66	2.59	2.54
17	4.45	3.59	3.20	2.96	2.81	2.70	2.61	2.55	2.49
18	4.41	3.55	3.16	2.93	2.77	2.66	2.58	2.51	2.46
19	4.38	3.52	3.13	2.90	2.74	2.63	2.54	2.48	2.42
20	4.35	3.49	3.10	2.87	2.71	2.60	2.51	2.45	2.39
21	4.32	3.47	3.07	2.84	2.68	2.57	2.49	2.42	2.37
22	4.30	3.44	3.05	2.82	2.66	2.55	2.46	2.40	2.34
23	4.28	3.42	3.03	2.80	2.64	2.53	2.44	2.37	2.32
24	4.26	3.40	3.01	2.78	2.62	2.51	2.42	2.36	2.30
25	4.24	3.39	2.99	2.76	2.60	2.49	2.40	2.34	2.28
26	4.23	3.37	2.98	2.74	2.59	2.47	2.39	2.32	2.27
27	4.21	3.35	2.96	2.73	2.57	2.46	2.37	2.31	2.25
28	4.20	3.34	2.95	2.71	2.56	2.45	2.36	2.29	2.24
29	4.18	3.33	2.93	2.70	2.55	2.43	2.35	2.28	2.22
30	4.17	3.32	2.92	2.69	2.53	2.42	2.33	2.27	2.21
40	4.08	3.23	2.84	2.61	2.45	2.34	2.25	2.18	2.12
60	4.00	3.15	2.76	2.53	2.37	2.25	2.17	2.10	2.04
120	3.92	3.07	2.68	2.45	2.29	2.17	2.09	2.02	1.96
inf	3.84	3.00	2.60	2.37	2.21	2.10	2.01	1.94	1.88

F Values for $\alpha = 0.05$

d_2	d_1								
	10	12	15	20	24	30	40	60	120
1	241.9	243.9	245.9	248.0	249.1	250.1	251.1	252.2	253.3
2	19.4	19.41	19.43	19.45	19.45	19.46	19.47	19.48	19.49
3	8.79	8.74	8.70	8.66	8.64	8.62	8.59	8.57	8.55
4	5.96	5.91	5.86	5.80	5.77	5.75	5.72	5.69	5.66
5	4.74	4.68	4.62	4.56	4.53	4.50	4.46	4.43	4.40
6	4.06	4.00	3.94	3.87	3.84	3.81	3.77	3.74	3.70
7	3.64	3.57	3.51	3.44	3.41	3.38	3.34	3.30	3.27
8	3.35	3.28	3.22	3.15	3.12	3.08	3.04	3.01	2.97
9	3.14	3.07	3.01	2.94	2.90	2.86	2.83	2.79	2.75
10	2.98	2.91	2.85	2.77	2.74	2.70	2.66	2.62	2.58
11	2.85	2.79	2.72	2.65	2.61	2.57	2.53	2.49	2.45
12	2.75	2.69	2.62	2.54	2.51	2.47	2.43	2.38	2.34
13	2.67	2.60	2.53	2.46	2.42	2.38	2.34	2.30	2.25
14	2.60	2.53	2.46	2.39	2.35	2.31	2.27	2.22	2.18
15	2.54	2.48	2.40	2.33	2.29	2.25	2.20	2.16	2.11
16	2.49	2.42	2.35	2.28	2.24	2.19	2.15	2.11	2.06
17	2.45	2.38	2.31	2.23	2.19	2.15	2.10	2.06	2.01
18	2.41	2.34	2.27	2.19	2.15	2.11	2.06	2.02	1.97
19	2.38	2.31	2.23	2.16	2.11	2.07	2.03	1.98	1.93
20	2.35	2.28	2.20	2.12	2.08	2.04	1.99	1.95	1.90
21	2.32	2.25	2.18	2.10	2.05	2.01	1.96	1.92	1.87
22	2.30	2.23	2.15	2.07	2.03	1.98	1.94	1.89	1.84
23	2.27	2.20	2.13	2.05	2.01	1.96	1.91	1.86	1.81
24	2.25	2.18	2.11	2.03	1.98	1.94	1.89	1.84	1.79
25	2.24	2.16	2.09	2.01	1.96	1.92	1.87	1.82	1.77
26	2.22	2.15	2.07	1.99	1.95	1.90	1.85	1.80	1.75
27	2.20	2.13	2.06	1.97	1.93	1.88	1.84	1.79	1.73
28	2.19	2.12	2.04	1.96	1.91	1.87	1.82	1.77	1.71
29	2.18	2.10	2.03	1.94	1.90	1.85	1.81	1.75	1.70
30	2.16	2.09	2.01	1.93	1.89	1.84	1.79	1.74	1.68
40	2.08	2.00	1.92	1.84	1.79	1.74	1.69	1.64	1.58
60	1.99	1.92	1.84	1.75	1.70	1.65	1.59	1.53	1.47
120	1.91	1.83	1.75	1.66	1.10	1.55	1.50	1.43	1.35
inf	1.83	1.75	1.67	1.57	1.52	1.46	1.39	1.32	1.22