

## Faculty of Medicine University of Ruhuna Third Examination for Medical Degrees (Part II) July/August 2018 Pharmacology Paper I

## Wednesday 1st August 2018

Inswer all 05 questions

(9.00 a.m. - 11.30 a.m.) 2 ½ hours

Liswer each part in a separate answer book

## Part A

Describe the pharmacological basis of using

- 1.1. propylthiouracil in hyperthyroidism. (25 marks)
- 1.2. bisoprolol in cardiac failure. (25 marks)
- 1.3. Misoprostol in acute peptic ulcer disease. (25 marks)
- 1.4. Vasopressin in esophageal varices. (25 marks)
- 1. A 65 year old male presented to the ETU with severe shortness of breath, chest pain for two hours. His urine output is very low. On examination patient is febrile, semiconscious, heart rate around 150 /minutes and pulse volume was diminished and weak, BP was 60/40 mmHg. This condition was diagnosed as cardiogenic shock after acute myocarditis.
  - 2.1.1. What is the specific drug you would like to use to manage cardiogenic shock in this patient? (10marks)
  - 2.1.2. State the other drugs which can be used to manage cardiogenic shock.

(10 marks)

2.1.3. Justify your selection of the drug of choice in 2.1.1 indicating its dose and therapeutic effects. (20 marks)

2. Compare therapeutic effects of

2.2.1. prazosin and tamzulosin. (20 marks)

2.2.2. amioderone and digoxin. (20 marks)

2.2.3. propranolol and labetalol. (20 marks)

## Part B

3.	<b>♦</b> Ans
3.1. List five (5) indications of benzodiazepines	(10 marks) Ans
3.2. Describe the mechanism of action of the benzodiazepines.	(30 marks)
3.3. Describe the pharmacological basis of using clozapine in schizophre	enia. (30 marks) 1.
3.4. Name five (5) antidepressant drugs.	, (10 marks)
3.5. Write the differences between tricyclic antidepressants and selective	e serotonin re-uptake
inhibitors.	(20 marks)
Part C	_1.2.
4. A 52 year old truck driver who was a heavy smoker got admitted to with a history of severe central chest pain associated with sweating f has not experienced a similar type of chest pain in the past. On example, heart rate 88 beats per minute. Lung bases were cledepressions in anterior leads. Cardiac troponin was not elevated.	for 6 hrs duration. He 1.3. mination, his BP was car. ECG showed ST 2.
4.1. List four (4) drugs from different classes that are used in the acut	te management of
this patient.	(20 marks) 2.1.
4.2. Describe briefly the pharmacological basis of using the drugs me	entioned in 4.1.for
this patient.	(60 marks)
4.3. If this patient had ST elevation in the ECG on admission, what is	s the drug you would
likely to use in the acute management?	(10 marks)
4.4. If this patient had BP of 170/110mmHg, what is the drug you we	ould likely to use in 2
the acute management?	(10 marks)
	2.2. · 2.
Part D	•
5. 5. 1.	2.:
5.1.1. List the aims of randomized controlled trials.	(10 marks)
5.1.2. Explain the importance of using placebo in a randomized con	trolled trial (20 marks)3.
<b>5.2.</b>	3.1.
5.2.1. Define Adverse Drug Reaction (ADR).	(15 marks) 3.1
5.2.2. Describe the aims of pharmacovigilance.	(25 marks)
5.3. Explain the following terms with examples	3.1
5.3.1. Tolerance.	(15 marks) .2.
5.3.2. Therapeutic index.	(15 marks) 3.2.