



UNIVERSITY OF RUHUNA – FACULTY OF ALLIED HEALTH SCIENCES
DEPARTMENT OF PHARMACY
SECOND BPHARM PART II EXAMINATION – AUGUST 2022
PH 2223 PHARMACY LAW AND ETHICS – SEQ

TIME: THREE HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS

- There are **six** questions in part **A, B, C** and **D** of this paper.
- Answer all questions.
- No paper should be removed from the examination hall.
- Do not use any correction fluid.
- Use illustrations where necessary.

PART A

01.

- 1.1 Name two more parameters that are considered for regulating medicines in Sri Lanka in addition to the quality, safety, and efficacy of drugs. **(16 marks)**
- 1.2 Briefly describe three differences with respect to the provisions of Cosmetics, Devices and Drugs Act and National Medicines Regulatory Authority Act. **(24 marks)**
- 1.3 State five objectives of the National Medicines Regulatory Authority. **(30 marks)**
- 1.4 “Regulation and control of medicine advertisements are important” Justify the above statement. **(30 marks)**

02.

- 2.1 Define the term “borderline product”. **(10 marks)**
- 2.2 State the principal function of the borderline products regulatory division. **(20 marks)**
- 2.3 “It is difficult to regulate borderline products”. Explain this statement using a suitable example. **(30 marks)**
- 2.4 Briefly explain the criteria used for the evaluation of borderline products. **(40 marks)**

03.

- 3.1 Read the following sentences carefully and mark whether those statements are True (T) or False (F). **(50 marks)**

No.	Sentence	T/F
a	Prices of all medicines are controlled by the Sri Lankan government.	
b	A licensed local manufacturer/ an authorized importer of an overseas manufacturer who intends to register a medicine with the Authority shall submit an application to the Authority.	
c	Nutraceuticals and functional foods are regulated under the food act.	
d	Pictorials must be used in the patient information leaflet to demonstrate the correct usage of dosage forms.	
e	Any recall shall be enforced on part of a consignment, one or more batches, or on the entire product, depending on the extent of the defect.	
f	Every person who intends to open a pharmacy shall apply to the Authority for approval of the location.	

g	Any medicine imported for personal use shall only be for the exclusive personal use of such person.	
h	No person shall manufacture any medicine in Sri Lanka except under the license issued by the Authority.	
i	Over the counter medicines can be freely advertised.	
j	Promotion of safe and rational use of medicines by the health care professionals and consumers is one of the objectives of the NMRA Act.	

PART B

3.2

- 3.2.1 What is the aim of establishing the National Dangerous Drugs Control Board? (10 marks)
- 3.2.2 Briefly explain the functions of the National Dangerous Drugs Control Board. (20 marks)
- 3.2.3 List four members of the National Dangerous Drugs Control Board according to the constitution. (20 marks)

04. Answer the following questions with respect to 'Poison, Opium and Dangerous Drugs Ordinance' No.17 of 1929.

- 4.1 What is the purpose of establishing 'Poison, Opium and Dangerous Drugs Ordinance'? (15 marks)
- 4.2 List three authorized people who have the permission to handle poisons. (20 marks)
- 4.3 Assume that you have been appointed as an Opium Officer at the Government Opium Store. Briefly explain how you should carry out your duties there as a responsible government servant. (30 marks)
- 4.4 List two dangerous drugs included in group A and two dangerous drugs included in group B, in Part I of 3rd schedule. (20 marks)
- 4.5 List three authorized people who have the power to inspect the premises where poisons or dangerous drugs are stored. (15 marks)

PART C

05.

- 5.1 Define the term "patent". (10 marks)
- 5.2 List three criteria which is applicable in patenting. (15 marks)
- 5.3 Briefly explain the importance of following.
- 5.3.1 The patent law for a qualified pharmacist (25 marks)
- 5.3.2 Food Act No. 26 of 1980 (25 marks)
- 5.3.3 Consumer Affairs Authority Act No. 09 of 2003 (25 marks)

PART D

06.

- 6.1 Write three uses of the National Medicinal Drug Policy in Sri Lanka. (15 marks)
- 6.2 Write five qualifications that should satisfy to register as a pharmacist in Sri Lanka under the Medical Ordinance. (25 marks)
- 6.3 Write short notes on the following.
- 6.3.1 Three R concept in animal research (30 marks)
- 6.3.2 Importance of Good Clinical Practice (30 marks)

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