

## University of Ruhuna

## Bachelor of Science Special Degree Level II (Semester I) Examination

## January 2021

Subject: Mathematics Course Unit: MSP 4114 (Ring and Field Theory) Time: Three (03) Hours

## All Questions should be answered

- a) Prove that R = {a + b√5 : a, b ∈ Z} is an integral domain with respect to ordinary addition and multiplication. Does it form a field? Justify your answer.
  - b) Show that the subset  $S = \{0, 2, 4, 6, 8\}$  of the ring  $\mathbb{Z}_{10}$  is a subring. Does S have an unity? Justify your answer. [25 marks]

a) Define an idempotent element and a nilpotent element in a ring R. Prove that a non-zero idempotent cannot be nilpotent. [20 marks]
b) Define a semiprime ideal. Consider the ideal I = {6n : n ∈ Z} in the ring of integers. Show that I is semiprime. Is I prime? Justify your answer. [20 marks]
c) Let R be a commutative ring with unity. Show that

- (i) R|M is an integral domain if and only if M is prime, where M is an ideal of R;
- (ii) if an ideal M of R is a maximal ideal of R then R|M is a field.
- [You may assume that R|M is a ring.] [60 marks]
- 3. a) Let f be a homomorphism of a ring R onto a ring R'. Prove that
  - (i) Ker f is an ideal of R;
  - (ii)  $R' \cong \frac{R}{\operatorname{Ker} f}$ . [55 marks]
  - b) Let R be a commutative ring with unity and let I and J be two ideals of R. Define a map  $\phi: R \to \frac{R}{I} \times \frac{R}{J}$ , such that  $\phi(x) = (x + I, x + J)$  for all  $x \in R$ . If  $\phi$  is onto, show that

(i) 
$$\frac{R}{I \cap I} \cong \frac{R}{I} \times \frac{R}{I};$$

(ii) I and J are comaximal ideal of R.

[ 45 marks ]

Continued.

4. a) Define an irreducible polynomial.

Show that the following polynomials are irreducible in corresponding polynomial rings.

(i)  $x^2 + x + 2 \in \mathbb{Z}_3[x],$ 

(ii) 
$$\frac{x^p - 1}{x - 1} \in \mathbb{Q}[x].$$
 [30 marks]

b) (i) Let R be an integral domain. Show that every irreducible element in R[x] is an irreducible polynomial.

(ii) Is the converse of the above statement in (i)is true? Justify your answer.

[ 40 marks ] [ 10 marks ]

c) Show that  $\sqrt{2} + i$  is algebraic over  $\mathbb{Q}$ .

[ 20 marks ]

d) Show that the splitting field of  $x^4 + 1$  over  $\mathbb{Q}$  is  $\mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{2}, i)$ . ,where  $i^2 = -1$ .