UNIVERSITY OF RUHUNA

Faculty of Engineering

End-Semester 6 Examination in Engineering: November 2022

Module Number: ME 6211(NC)

Module Name: Nanotechnology

[Three Hours]

[Answer all questions, each question carries 12 marks]

- Q1. a) Development of new materials requires depth knowledge of fundamental concepts in nanoscience. Answer the following parts of the question
 - i) Distinguish between compact materials and dispersed nanomaterials.

(1.0 Mark)

ii) Classify the metal nanoparticles according to their shapes.

(1.5 Marks)

iii) Reclassify the metal nanoparticles you classified in the above part (ii) according to the quantum definition.

(1.5 Marks)

iv Sketch the density of states of a quantum dot.

(1.0 Mark)

- b) The Bohr radius of an electron is given by $a_0 = \frac{4\pi\epsilon_0\epsilon\hbar^2}{mq^2}$, where m and q are the mass and the charge of the electron respectively.
 - i) Starting from the above equation, build the corresponding exciton Bohr radius of the material.

(2.0 Marks)

ii) What is the critical size of a particular nanomaterial so that the nanoparticle is to be quantum confined?

(2.0 Marks)

iii) Calculate the excitation Bohr radius for Cadmium selenide (CdSe) material if the effective mass of the electron and hole are $m_{\rm e} = 0.13m$ and $m_{\rm h} = 0.45m$, and the dielectric constant $\epsilon = 9.4$ for CdSe.

Planck's constant, \hbar =1.054 x 10⁻³⁴ J s

Electron mass, $m_e = 9.10 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg}$

Vacuum permittivity, ε_0 = 8. 854 x 10⁻¹² J⁻¹ C² m⁻¹

(3.0 Marks)

- Q2. a) Microscopy is the technical field of using microscopes to view objects and areas of objects that cannot be seen with the naked eye.
 - i) What do you mean by the "Resolving power of microscope"? Explain your answer.

(1.0 Mark)

ii) Explain, why optical microscopy cannot be used to observe the nanostructured materials.

(2.0 Marks)

iii) Compare the differences and similarities between Scanning Electron Microscopy (SEM) and Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM)

(3.0 Marks)

iv) Explain how Scanning Probe Microscopy (SPM) can use to imaging the nanostructured thin film. Your answer should include the operation mode of each Scanning Probe Microscope.

(4.0 Marks)

b) Discuss the benefits and limitation of the Dynamic Light Scattering Spectroscopy (DLS) which is used to measure the particle size of nanomaterials.

(2.0 Marks)

- Q3. a) Discuss the applications of nanotechnology in the following sectors:
 - i) Electronics and information technology

(3.0 Marks)

ii) Sustainable energy

(3.0 Marks)

b) List two different applications of Zinc oxide (ZnO) nanoparticles and describe one of them.

(2.0 Marks)

- c) Explain the followings related to nano toxicology by giving examples.
 - i) Natural nanoparticles related toxicology

(1.0 Mark)

ii) Engineered nanoparticles related toxicology

(1.0 Mark)

iii) Nanotechnology and workplace safety

(2.0 Marks)

Q4. a) Nanomaterials synthesis can be carried out by two prominent approaches. Describe briefly them by giving two examples in each case.

(4.0 Marks)

b) What are challenges in nanomaterials synthesis?

(2.0 Marks)

- c) Sol-gel process is a wet chemical method for the synthesis of various nanostructures, especially metal oxide nanoparticles.
 - i) Describe briefly the four steps in sol-gel process and state the possible reactions corresponding to each steps

[4.0 Marks]

 List advantages and disadvantages of sol-gel method that use for synthesize of nanoparticles.

[2.0 Marks]

Q5. a) "Material properties change with size of the particles or grains". Describe any two properties that show size dependent behavior. Provide sketches and graphs to support your answer.

[4.0 Marks]

b) i) Sri Lanka is well-endowed with industrial minerals. List few minerals available in Sri Lanka which have value if convert into nanoparticles.

[1.0 Marks]

ii) Discuss briefly how nanotechnology can be used for solving the socioeconomic problems in Sri Lanka.

[3.0 Marks]

- c) Write short notes on the followings:
 - i) Allotropes of carbon and their properties

[2.0 Marks]

ii) Disadvantages of nanotechnology

[2.0 Marks]