



SECOND EXAMINATION FOR MEDICAL DEGREES

PHYSIOLOGY II

MARCH 2007

TIME: THREE HOURS

*Answer all five questions**Answer part A and B in separate answer books***Part A**

1. A 31 year-old man was admitted to hospital after a road traffic accident. On admission, PCV was 45% and haemoglobin concentration was 14.0 g/dL. After the initial treatment with intravenous fluids, PCV was 35% and haemoglobin was 9.0 g/dL.
- 1.1 List names of four intravenous fluids that can be used on this patient. (20 marks)
 - 1.2 Describe advantages and disadvantages of each fluid stated in 1.1, in its use in the above situation. (40 marks)
 - 1.3 Explain the physiological basis for changes in haemoglobin and PCV. (40 marks)
2. Describe the following using clearly labelled diagrams.
- 2.1 Different phases of an action potential of a cardiac muscle fibre. (30 marks)
 - 2.2 Isovolumetric contraction phase of the left ventricle. (30 marks)
 - 2.3 Fetal circulation. (40 marks)
3. Explain
- 3.1 how negative intrapleural pressure is generated. (40 marks)
 - 3.2 why high concentration O₂ treatment is not used in type II respiratory failure. (30 marks)
 - 3.3 why polycythaemia is seen in people living in high altitudes. (30 marks)

Part B

- 4.
- 4.1 Name three hormones secreted by the kidney. (15 marks)
 - 4.2 Describe the regulation of secretion of two of the hormones stated above. (40 marks)
 - 4.3 Describe briefly the actions of one of the hormones stated in 4.1. (45 marks)
5. Write short notes on
- 5.1 features of cerebellar dysfunction. (25 marks)
 - 5.2 the proximal convoluted tubule. (25 marks)
 - 5.3 physiology of lactation. (25 marks)
 - 5.4 types of jaundice. (25 marks)