



# UNIVERSITY OF RUHUNA

## Faculty of Engineering

End-Semester 6 Examination in Engineering: December 2018

Module Number: ME 6211

Module Name: Nanotechnology

[Three Hours]

[Answer all questions, each question carries 12 marks]

- Q1 a) Fundamental concepts of nanoscience are important to develop new materials with different characteristics. Answer the following questions based on fundamentals of nanoscience.
- Distinguish between compact materials and dispersed nanomaterials. [1.0 Mark]
  - Classify the metal nanoparticles according to their shapes. [1.5 Marks]
  - Reclassify the metal nanoparticles in Q1 part (ii) again according to the quantum definition. [1.5 Marks]
  - Sketch the density of states of a quantum dot. [1.0 Mark]
- b) Bohr radius of an electron that orbit around the nucleus is given by  $a_0 = \frac{4\pi\epsilon_0\hbar^2}{mq^2}$ . All terms in the equation have their general meaning.
- Derive the above equation for Bohr radius ( $a_0$ ) of an electron. [3.0 Marks]
  - Give the expression for the Bohr radius of an exciton. [1.0 Mark]
  - Calculate the physical size of the CdS nanoparticle if  $m_e$ ,  $m_h$  and  $\epsilon$  for CdS exciton are  $0.2m_0$ ,  $0.7m_0$  and 8.6 respectively. [3.0 Marks]
- Q2. a) In the treatment of interactions between the particles within a nanoparticle, dipole-ion interaction is considered as one of contributions to the interaction energy.
- Define the dipole moment ( $u$ ) of a pair of charges  $+q$  and  $-q$  separated by distance  $l$ . [0.5 Mark]
  - Calculate the dipole moment ( $u$ ) of two electronic charges separated by 0.1 nm distance. [0.5 Mark]

b) An ion of charge  $Q$  and a molecule of a pair of two electronic charges  $+q$  and  $-q$ , separated by distance  $l$  are placed in such a way that horizontal distance between the ion and the center of the molecule is  $r$ . The angle of the molecule to the horizontal line is  $\theta$ .

i) What is the electric field of charge  $E(r)$ , acting on the dipole?

[4.0 Marks]

ii) Show that the energy of the interaction is given by

$$w(r, \theta) = -\vec{u} \cdot \vec{E}$$

[5.0 Marks]

iii) Calculate the interaction energy of the dipole with respect to the permittivity of the medium if the charge of the ion ( $z$ ) is  $2+$ ,  $r = 0.3$  nm,  $l = 0.1$  nm and the angle  $Q = 60^\circ$ .

[Charge of a electron ( $e$ ) is  $1.602 \times 10^{-19}$  C and  $Q = ze$ ]

[2.0 Marks]

Q3. a) Nanotechnology can be used across all the fields of science, such as chemistry, biology, physics, materials science, and engineering.

i) Discuss the differences between "Nanoscience" and "Nanotechnology".

[2.0 Marks]

ii) State four challenges that are faced by researchers in the field of nanotechnology.

[2.0 Marks]

iii) By using a neat sketch, mathematically show that "the surface-to-volume ratio of nanoparticles is much higher than that of the bulk particle of the identical material".

[3.0 Marks]

iv) Explain briefly, the variation of the melting point of a material when decreasing the size of a metallic particles.

[2.0 Marks]

v) Discuss the advantages of nanotechnology in energy and medial sectors.

[3.0 Marks]

Q4. a) Scanning electron microscopy (SEM) and atomic force microscopy (AFM) are extensively used in characterization of nanomaterials.

i) Write down any two types of electrons detected in scanning electron microscopy.

[1.0 Mark]

ii) Explain briefly, the working principle of atomic force microscopy. Use neat sketches where necessary.

[3.0 Marks]

iii) Compare the differences of scanning electron microscopy (SEM) and atomic force microscopy (AFM).

[2.0 Marks]

b) Nanoparticles used in bio-medical applications have been widely synthesized using the microemulsion technique.

i) Explain the formation of "Micelle" and "Reverse-micelle" in microemulsion.

[2.0 Marks]

ii) By using appropriate sketches, describe the synthesis steps of nanoparticles through the reverse-micelle technique.

[4.0 Marks]

Q5. a) According to the Wenzel 's model, wetting of liquid on a textured solid surface (rough solid surface) at micro and nano levels can be expressed as follows.

$$\cos \theta^* = r \cos \theta$$

i) Define the parameters  $\theta^*$ ,  $r$  and  $\theta$ .

[2.0 Marks]

ii) When  $r = 1.2$ , discuss the deviation of the quality of the solid surface for the two conditions:  $\theta < 90^\circ$  and  $\theta > 90^\circ$ .

Use appropriate values for the  $\theta$  in both cases to justify your answer.

[4.0 Marks]

b) Write short notes on the following terms.

i) Solid phase synthesis of nanoparticles and their limitations.

[3.0 Marks]

ii) Carbon nanotubes.

[3.0 Marks]