



UNIVERSITY OF RUHUNA

Faculty of Engineering

End-Semester 8 Examination in Engineering: November 2017

Module Number: EE8208 Module Name: Intelligent Systems Design

[Three Hours]

[Answer all questions, each question carries 10 marks]

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- Q1 a) Average height of a Sri Lankan is 151 cm. Draw Membership Functions for a probable Fuzzy Sets "Short", "Average" and "Tall" in the Universe of Discourse "Height of Sri Lankans".
[2.0 Marks]
- b) Draw a typical "Triangular" type Membership Function for a Fuzzy Set. Mathematically define the Membership Function $\mu(x)$ by assuming appropriate parameters.
[2.0 Marks]
- c) Define operations i) Intersection (AND), ii) Union (OR), and iii) Complement by using the Membership Functions of the Fuzzy Sets A and B. Also interpret these operations in diagrams of Universe of Discourse vs Fuzzy Membership.
[3.0 Marks]
- d) Consider the Fuzzy Sets $A = \{1/a, 0.3/b, 0.2/c, 0.8/d, 0/e\}$ and $B = \{0.6/a, 0.9/b, 0.1/c, 0.3/d, 0.2/e\}$ in the Universe of Discourse $X = \{a, b, c, d, e\}$. Calculate the Intersection, Union and Complements of A and B.
[3.0 Marks]
- Q2 A Fuzzy Logic controller is to be designed for a classical feedback control system.
- a) Draw the classical feedback control diagram with Process, Fuzzy Controller and the feedback path. Define the Control Error $e(k)$ and Rate of Error $r(k)$ with respect to the SV (Set Value) and PV (Process Value).
[2.0 Marks]
- b) Define four typical Fuzzy Rules for controlling based on the Universes of Discourse; Error $e(k)$, Rate of Error $r(k)$ and Control Output $du(k)$, with appropriate linguistic variables.
[2.0 Marks]
- c) Define the membership functions for the linguistic variables defined in the Universes of Discourse $e(k)$, $r(k)$ and $du(k)$, and show them in appropriate diagrams.
[3.0 Marks]
- d) Show how to calculate the Control Output $du(k)$ for a given values of $e(k)$ and $r(k)$ by using a numerical example. Use the method "Center of Gravity" to calculate the final $du(k)$.
[3.0 Marks]
- Q3 a) With a supervised learning algorithm, we can specify target output values, but we may never get close to those targets at the end of learning. Give two reasons why this might happen.
[2.5 Marks]

- b) What is a training set and how is it used to train neural networks? [2.0 Marks]
- c) Write a pseudo code for the supervised training algorithm. [2.5 Marks]
- d) Draw the neural network to implement the XOR Boolean function. [3.0 Marks]

- Q4
- a) Distinguish difference between a feedforward neural network and a Recurrent Neural Network (RNN). [2.0 Marks]
 - b) Sketch the basic architecture of a RNN. [2.0 Marks]
 - c) Explain the vanishing gradient problem in RNN and how it affects the operation of the RNN. [3.0 Marks]
 - d) Describe how the Long-Short Term Memory (LSTM) Module overcomes the vanishing gradient problem in RNN. [3.0 Marks]

- Q5
- a) Define the following terms. [2.0 Marks]
 - i) Agent
 - ii) Agent function
 - iii) Rationality
 - iv) Autonomy
 - b) Write pseudocode agent programs for the goal-based and reflex with state agents. [3.0 Marks]
 - d) What is the difference between a performance measure and a utility function? [2.0 Marks]
 - e) Suppose that the performance measure is concerned with just the first T time steps of the environment and ignores everything thereafter. Show that a rational agent's action may depend not just on the state of the environment but also on the time step it has reached. [3.0 Marks]