ISSN: 2659-2029

Proceedings of 1st Research Symposium of Faculty of Allied Health Sciences

University of Ruhuna, Galle, Sri Lanka

November 08, 2018



OP 29 - Formulation of Non-alcohol Based Hand Scrubs with Medicinal Plant Extracts and Evaluation of the Antimicrobial Efficacy

Karunanayaka K.D.S.V.a., Hettihewa S.K.a#, Silva D.D.b, Karunanayaka L.c

^aDepartment of Pharmacy, Faculty of Allied Health Sciences, University of Ruhuna ^bDepartment of Pharmacology, Medical Research Institute, Colombo 08, Sri Lanka ^cDepartment of Bacteriology, Medical Research Institute, Colombo 08, Sri Lanka

#Corresponding author: krishanthi2001@yahoo.com

Background: Hand hygiene is taken as an effective preventive measure to avoid spread of antimicrobial resistance.

Objectives: The aim of the study was to develop non-alcohol based hand scrubs using natural plant extracts and evaluate the antimicrobial efficacy against selective microorganisms.

Methodology: Two formulations (F₁ and F₂) of non-alcohol based herbal hand scrubs with medicinal plant extracts were prepared. F₁ formulation was prepared by the combination of clove oil and medicinal aloe while the F₂ formulation by the combination of cinnamon oil and medicinal aloe as the herbal extracts. Two positive controls and two negative controls were used. Health care professionals were randomly tested to identify the viable pathogens, which are present on hands. Among the identified microorganisms, antimicrobial activity was tested using agar well diffusion method against standard cultures of *Candida albicans* and *Streptococcus pyogenes* identified. The physical stability parameters (pH, odor, appearance and color) were measured for 90 days at room temperature.

Results and conclusions: F_1 and F_2 hand scrubs were found to be homogenous liquid and milky white in colour with a pleasant odor. The mean values of zones of inhibition of F_1 hand scrub were 34.67 ± 1.16 mm and 21.00 ± 0.00 mm against *C. albicans* and *S. pyogenes* respectively. The mean values of zones of inhibition of F_2 hand scrub were 21.00 ± 3.00 mm and 12.33 ± 0.58 mm against *C. albicans* and *S. pyogenes* respectively. The mean values of inhibition zones of negative controls (distilled water-N1, glycerin-N2) and 70% ethanol (positive control-P1) against *C. albicans* and *S. pyogenes* were zero (0.00) mm. The mean values of inhibition zones of the market product (positive control-P2) were 11.30 ± 1.53 mm and 10.00 ± 0.00 mm against *C. albicans* and *S. pyogenes* respectively. It is concluded that the formulated two non-alcohol based hand scrubs (F_1 and F_2) have promising antimicrobial activity against pathogens tested.

Keywords: Candida albicans, cinnamon oil, clove oil, non-alcohol based hand scrub Streptococcus pyogenes