



FACULTY OF ALLIED HEALTH SCIENCES, UNIVERSITY OF RUHUNA
Department of Medical Laboratory Science
Sixth End Semester Examination- December 2025, 2020/2021 Batch
Clinical Biochemistry II (MLS 3223) – SEQ

Date: 10.12.2025

Time: 8.30 a.m.-9.15 a.m.

Duration: 45 minutes

Answer all questions

Index Number:

1.

- 1.1 List **four** Metabolic bone disorders. (20marks)
- 1.2 State **three** main sites that participate in regulating calcium metabolism. (30 marks)
- 1.3 Briefly describe the effect of vitamin D on serum calcium and phosphorous levels. (20 marks)
- 1.4 Briefly discuss the effect of Parathyroid hormone (PTH) on kidney, bone and gastro intestinal tract (GIT) in relation to serum calcium and phosphate levels. (30 marks)

2.

- 2.1 Define the term "resolution" in chromatography. (15 marks)
- 2.2 List **three** approaches to improve resolution in chromatography. (25 marks)
- 2.3 Describe the principle of size-exclusion chromatography. (30 marks)
- 2.4 Discuss the use of internal standards in chromatographic analysis. (30 marks)

3.

- 3.1 Define the term "Colligative Properties". (10 marks)
- 3.2 Briefly describe the principle behind the Freezing point depression analyzer for measuring osmolality. (25 marks)
- 3.3 Normal plasma freezes at - 0.53 °C. Considering that 1 mole of dissolved molecules per kg depresses the freezing point of water by 1.86 °C, calculate normal plasma osmolality. (15 marks)

3.4 The results of a few biochemical investigations of a 52-year-old male admitted to the emergency treatment unit following a road traffic accident are given below.

Calculate his plasma osmolality.

(20 marks)

Parameter	Result	Reference range
Sodium (Na^+)	135 mmol/L	135 – 145 mmol/L
Random plasma glucose	100 mg/dL	<200 mg/dL
Serum creatinine	0.8 mg/dL	0.6 – 1.1 mg/dL
Blood Urea Nitrogen (BUN)	15 mg/dL	6 – 20 mg/dL

3.5 If the measured osmolality of the patient is 383 mOsm/kg, comment on the osmolal gap giving reasons.

(30 marks)

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